

dkpy: Robust Control with Structured Uncertainty in Python

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Linear Robust Control

Motivation

- ▶ The models used in control design/analysis never perfectly represent the physical system.
 - ▶ Unmodeled dynamics
 - ▶ Inexact parameters
 - ▶ Varying operating conditions
- ▶ In certain applications, it is necessary to explicitly consider the model uncertainty.

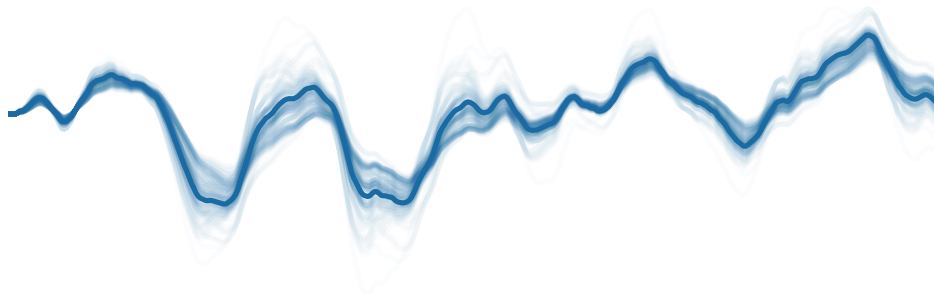


Figure 1: Illustration of uncertain model response.

Structured Uncertainty

Structured Uncertainty Robustness

- ▶ In complex interconnected systems, the uncertainty is structured.
 - ▶ Localized uncertainty in sub-systems.
- ▶ Robust stability and performance is assessed using the structured singular value μ (SSV) [1], [2], [3].

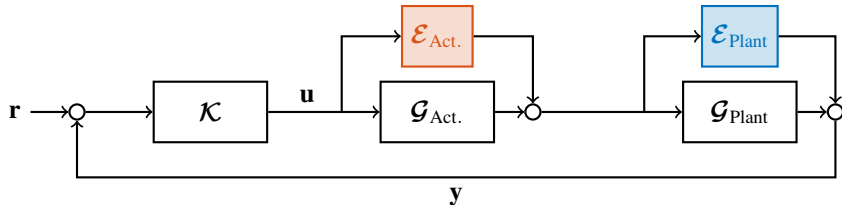


Figure 2: Uncertain feedback interconnection with structured uncertainty.

Robust Control Software

Contribution

- ▶ **Problem:** Software for robust control using μ -analysis and μ -synthesis.
 - ▶ MATLAB's *Robust Control Toolbox* [4]
- ▶ **Contribution:** **dkpy**
 - ▶ Open-source Python library for linear robust control design and analysis for structured uncertainty.
 - ▶ Integration with Python control ecosystem (`python-control` and `slycot`).

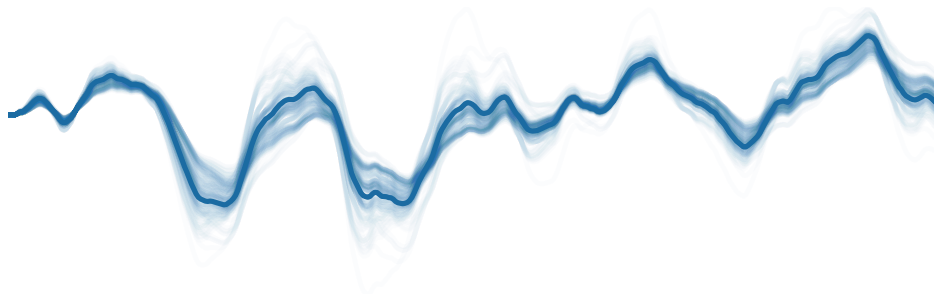


Figure 1: Illustration of uncertain model response.

Robust Stability Problem

Robust Stability Problem [2], [3]

Systems

- ▶ Generalized Plant $\mathcal{P}$
- ▶ Controller $\mathcal{K}$
- ▶ Normalized Perturbation Δ ($\|\Delta\|_\infty \leq 1$)

Uncertainty Structure

$$\Delta = \begin{bmatrix} \Delta_1 & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & \Delta_M \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

Robust Stability

- ▶ The interconnection between $\mathcal{P}$ and $\mathcal{K}$ is internally stable for all admissible perturbations Δ

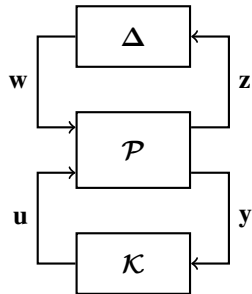


Figure 3: Robust stability problem.

Robust Performance Problem

Equivalence of Robust Performance and Robust Stability [2, Theorem 10.8]

Robust performance of Figure 4

$$\|\mathbf{w}_2 \mapsto \mathbf{z}_2\|_\infty < 1, \quad \forall \|\Delta\|_\infty \leq 1$$



Robust stability of Figure 5

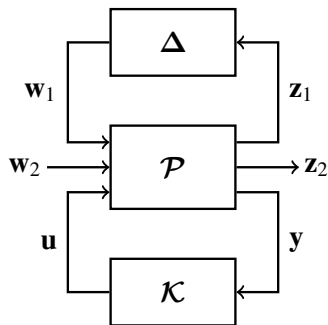


Figure 4: Robust performance problem.

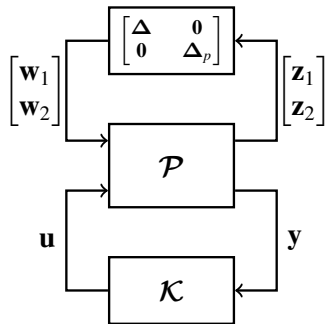


Figure 5: Robust performance problem in robust stability form.

Robust Stability Analysis

Robust Stability Condition

Robust Stability Condition [2, Theorem 10.6]

$$\sup_{\omega \in \mathbb{R}} \mu_{\Delta}(\mathbf{F}_{\ell}(\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{K})(j\omega)) < 1 \quad (2)$$

Structured Singular Value (SSV) Upper Bound

$$\mu_{\Delta}(\omega) \leq \bar{\mu}_{\Delta}(\omega) = \min_{\mathbf{D}_{\omega}} \bar{\sigma}(\mathbf{D}_{\omega} \mathbf{F}_{\ell}(\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{K})(j\omega) \mathbf{D}_{\omega}^{-1}) \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{D}_{\omega} \Delta = \Delta \mathbf{D}_{\omega} \quad (4)$$

Practical Robust Stability Condition

$$\bar{\mu}_{\Delta}(\omega) < 1 \quad \forall \omega \in \{\omega_1, \dots, \omega_N\} \quad (5)$$

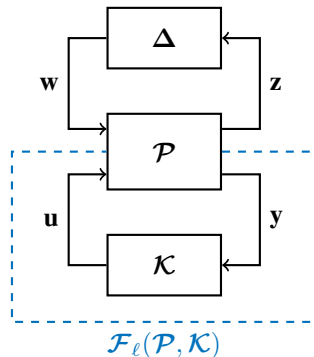


Figure 6: Closed-loop robust stability problem.

Robust Controller Synthesis

μ -Synthesis

μ -Synthesis Problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{K}(s)} \left(\min_{\mathbf{D}(s)} \left\| \mathbf{D}(s) \mathbf{F}_\ell(\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{K})(s) \mathbf{D}^{-1}(s) \right\|_\infty \right) \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{D}(s) \Delta(s) = \Delta(s) \mathbf{D}(s) \quad (7)$$

- Issue: Not jointly convex in $\mathbf{D}(s)$ and $\mathbf{K}(s)$

DK -iteration

- Heuristic robust controller design procedure
- Minimize μ_Δ by alternating minimizing with respect to $\mathbf{D}(s)$ and $\mathbf{K}(s)$

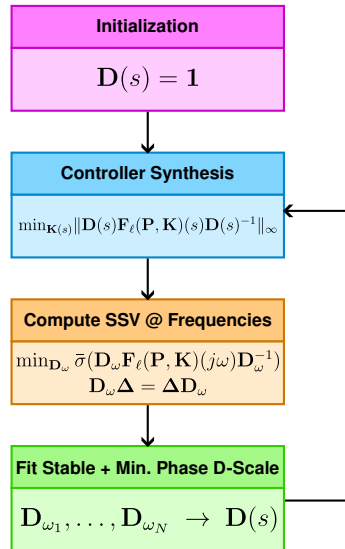


Figure 7: DK -iteration flow chart.

Interfaces for μ -Analysis and μ -Synthesis in `dkpy`

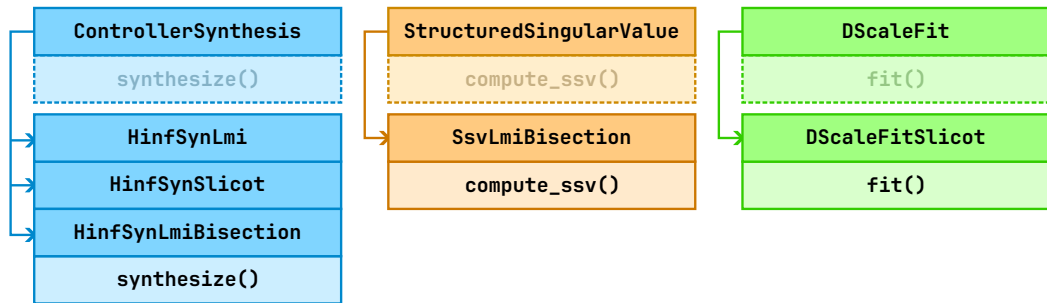


Figure 8: Base interfaces in `dkpy` and their implementations.

Interface for *DK*-iteration in `dkpy`

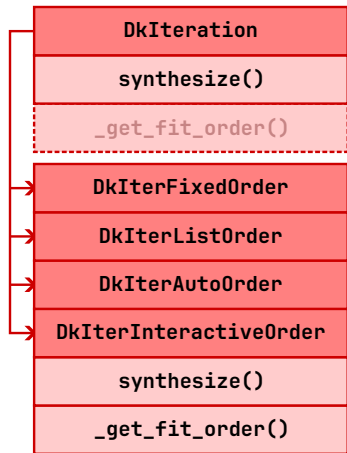


Figure 9: *DK*-iteration interface in `dkpy` and its implementations.

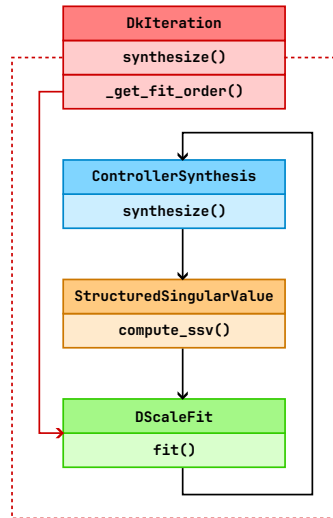


Figure 10: Overview of the *DK*-iteration `synthesize` function.

Example Problem [6, § 14.1]

Lateral Aircraft Dynamics Control

- ▶ Model
 - ▶ Linearized lateral aircraft dynamics [5, § 7.3, § B.4]
 - ▶ Uncertain actuator dynamics
- ▶ Robust Performance
 - ▶ Track roll angle reference signals
 - ▶ Minimize sideslip angle, roll rate, yaw rate, and actuator effort
 - ▶ Mitigate disturbance and sensor noise effects



Figure 11: Douglas DC-8 aircraft¹.

¹https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Douglas_DC-8

Example Problem [6, § 14.1] (cont.)

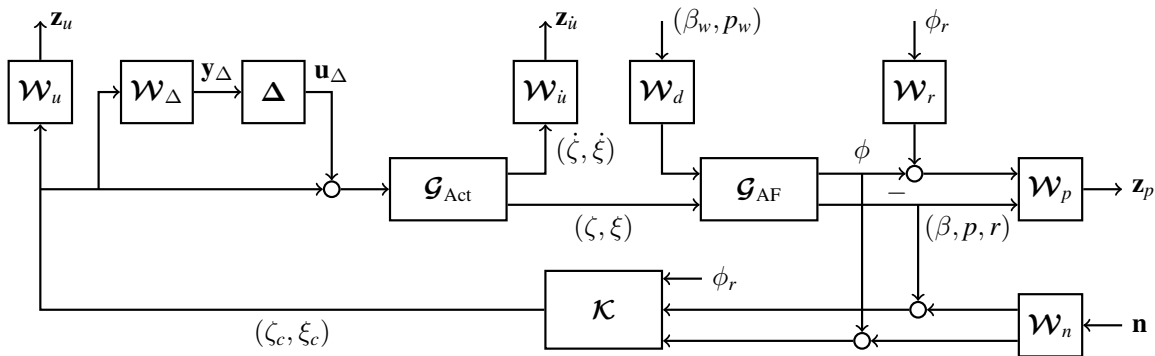


Figure 12: Linearized lateral aircraft dynamics control problem block diagram.

Example: Robust Controller Synthesis Code

```
controller_synthesis=dkpy.HinfSynLmi(  
    lmi_strictness=5e-7,  
    solver_params=dict(  
        solver="MOSEK",  
        eps=5e-8,  
    ),  
)
```

```
structured_singular_value=dkpy.SsvLmiBisection(  
    bisection_atol=1e-5,  
    bisection_rtol=1e-5,  
    max_iterations=1000,  
    lmi_strictness=1e-7,  
    solver_params=dict(  
        solver="MOSEK",  
        eps=1e-9,  
    ),  
)
```

```
d_scale_fit=dkpy.DScaleFitSlicot()
```

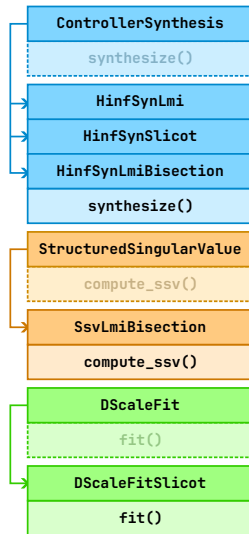


Figure 13: Base interfaces in `dkpy`.

Example: Robust Controller Synthesis Code (cont.)

```
dk_iter = dkpy.DkIterListOrder(  
    controller_synthesis,  
    structured_singular_value,  
    d_scale_fit,  
    fit_orders=[4, 4, 4],  
)
```

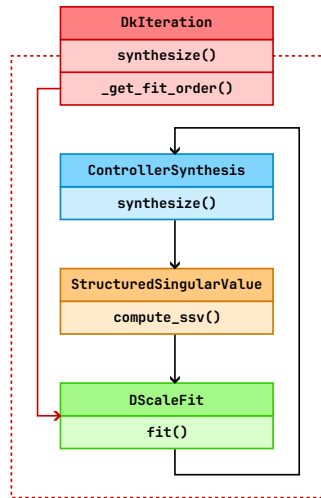


Figure 14: DK-iteration interface.

Example: Robust Controller Synthesis Code (cont.)

```
# Frequency
freq_min = 0.01
freq_max = 100
num_freq = 100
freq = np.logspace(np.log10(freq_min), np.log10(freq_max), num_freq)
omega = 2 * np.pi * freq

# Uncertainty block structure
block_structure = [
    dkpy.ComplexFullBlock(n_y_delta, n_u_delta),
    dkpy.ComplexFullBlock(n_w, n_z),
]

# Synthesize robust controller with DK-iteration
controller, N, mu, iter_results, info = dk_iter.synthesize(
    plant_gen,
    n_y,
    n_u,
    omega,
    block_structure,
)
```

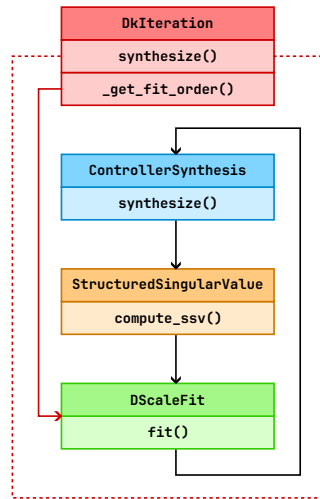


Figure 15: DK-iteration interface.

Example: Robust Controller Synthesis Results

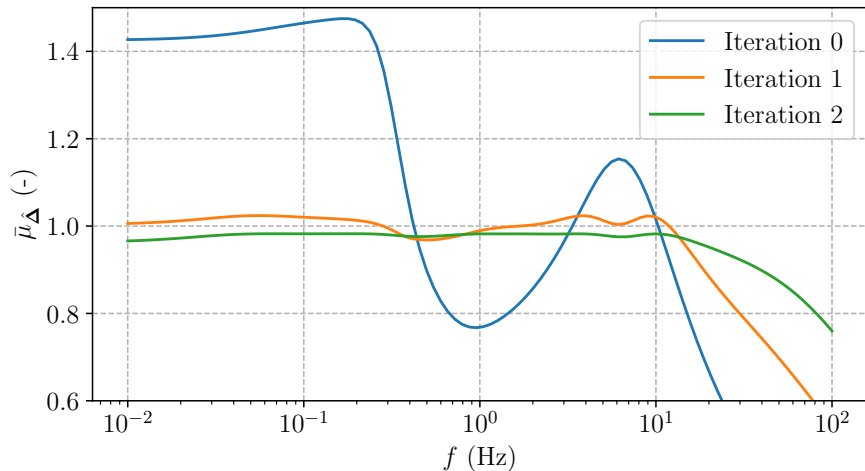
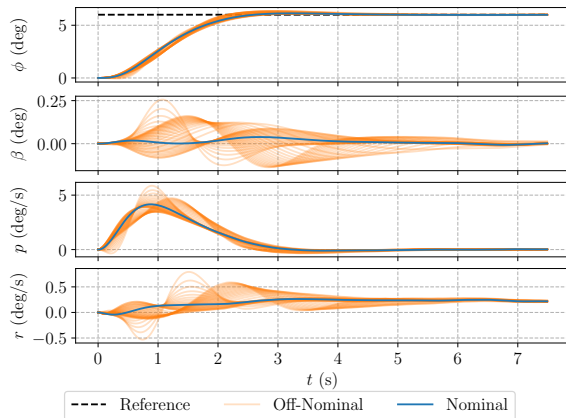
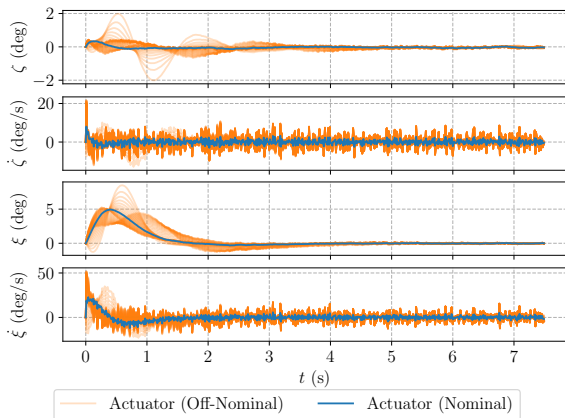


Figure 16: Structured singular value upper bound across iterations of DK -iteration.

Example: Robust Controller Synthesis Results (cont.)



(a) States.



(b) Inputs.

Figure 17: Closed-loop roll angle reference tracking simulation for nominal and perturbed systems.

Conclusion

Summary

- ▶ `dkpy` is a Python package for LTI robust control
 - ▶ μ -analysis
 - ▶ μ -synthesis using *DK*-iteration

Future Work

- ▶ μ -analysis and μ -synthesis for real and mixed real/complex uncertainties [2, § 18.2]
- ▶ Lower bound computation for μ to assess conservatism in upper bound [2, § 10.2]

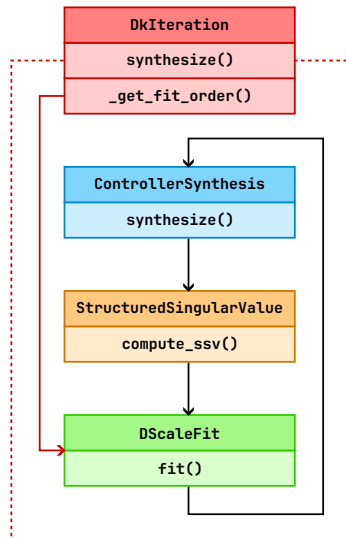


Figure 18: *DK*-iteration interface.

Questions?

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Paper

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Code

References

- [1] A. Packard and J. Doyle, "The complex structured singular value," *Automatica*, vol. 29, no. 1, pp. 71–109, Jan. 1, 1993.
- [2] K. Zhou and J. C. Doyle, *Essentials of Robust Control*, 1st ed. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall, 1998.
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